



# Alfa Delta ΔΙΟΝΙΣΙ

## User's Manual

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<https://alfadelta.be/dionisi.html>

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# Welcome

Congratulations with your purchase of ΔΙΟΝΙΣΙ (Dionisi), an analog voltage and MIDI controlled multiple digital oscillator and mixer, with an analog look and feel and digital precision, accuracy and tuning and tracking stability.

ΔΙΟΝΙΣΙ can be used as a VCO, or rather 6 of them, as an LFO with different ranges, as a random generator, as a bias module, as a 4-quadrant modulator, as a mixer, well two of them, and as any combination of modules, and that is just scratching the surface.

ΔΙΟΝΙΣΙ has an extensive modulation matrix which can use any CV input or VCO or Mixer or MIDI as a source and route it to all possible modulations, like Exponential FM, thru-zero Linear FM, PM, 4-quadrant AM and Sync. Each modulation source has a depth (from -1 to +1) parameter and a depth control source with a min. and max. depth (from -1 to +1) parameter.

By assigning modulation depths to CV inputs and using the Bias pots, one has immediate control over any modulation. Minimum and maximum modulation depth can be set separately from -1 to +1, allowing e.g. 2 (or more) parameters in the same or different VCOs to be controlled in reverse from 1 Bias pot. MIDI controllers can be used for the same purpose, and at the same time all CV inputs remain available.

Frequency can be controlled by the master Coarse and Fine pots, FM and 1V/ oct. inputs with a choice of quantisers. Frequency of individual oscillators can be set in ratios or in fixed steps (1 cent resolution). On top of that, there are 2 detune modes : in cents and FineHz.

Cross-modulation and exact frequency ratios and detune allow for precise FM and PM patches.

All settings can be stored in user presets, and there is a bunch of great factory presets as well to get you started.

The user interface features a graphical OLED display, 3 encoder dials and 6 pushbuttons for fast access to all parameters in all modules, without the need for menu diving.

ΔΙΟΝΙΣΙ is a versatile and complex module, so please read this manual for getting the most out of your module.

ΔΙΟΝΙΣΙ is designed and manufactured in Belgium.

Electronics and firmware design by Wim Verheyen.

Conceptual consultancy, early testing for usability and sound design by Boris Uytterhaegen.

# Features

- Eurorack 28 HP, 35mm depth.
- Digital module with analog ins and outs, analog look and feel.
- Values are indicated in musical units like steps, cents, Hz, seconds.
- Analog controlled digital oscillator x 6. One output per oscillator.
- Two mix outputs. Six assignable inputs per mixer, can be VCO outputs or CV inputs.
- Frequency follows first oscillator with (quantized) detune and Fine Hz or independent frequency control or frequency ratio per oscillator.
- 1V/oct, 12 octaves range, perfect tracking and stability.
- 4 frequency ranges per oscillator from 0.00033 Hz (that is 3000 seconds) Hz to 20 kHz.
- Classic waveforms (sine, triangle, saw, ramp, square, pulse, random S&H, random filtered), selectable per oscillator.
- Voltage or digital Controlled Exponential FM, Linear FM (thru-zero), AM (4-quadrant), per oscillator.
- Phase modulation thru-zero, initial phase adjustable from -360 to + 360 degrees in 1 degree steps.
- AM, PM and FM depth control from CV inputs or VCO outputs.
- All modulations from zero to full depth from DC to 20 kHz.
- 8 freely assignable CV modulation inputs with initial and depth control (no analog attenuverters, digital attenuverters) and peak detect indicator on display.
- 6 freely assignable gate inputs for syncing (positive edge, negative edge, both edges, reset phase).
- Cross modulation of each parameter of each oscillator (6-operator FM or PM).
- Quantizer with different scales (Equal, Just, Pythagoras aug4, Pythagoras dim5, Mean tone, Harmonic, Werckmeister, Arabic).
- 16 bit resolution on all inputs and outputs, sample rate is 100 kHz, anti-aliased waveforms.
- Easy parameter navigation : 4-line 21-character graphic OLED display, 3 encoder dials, 6 buttons, no menus.
- Useful factory presets like FM algorithms, chords, additive synthesis and more.
- 2 banks of 64 user presets.
- MIDI input for free firmware and preset updates and MIDI notes (note number (ST) 60 is middle C (C4)), pitch bend, velocity, after touch, continuous controllers and preset selection (bank and program change).
- MIDI controller “learn” mode immediately assigns a MIDI controller to a parameter.
- Extensive manual, which is needed for a complex module like this.
- Handy Patch sheets in Pages and Word format.
- Power requirements : +12 V 170 mA, -12 V 75 mA.

## In the box

- The ΔIONISΙ module.
- 16-to-10-pin Eurorack power cable.
- Mounting hardware: four M3 x 6 mm phillips head screws, four nylon washers.

## Installing

The module features a shrouded header and MOSFET protection against polarity reversal.

The module is intended to be mounted in a Eurorack compatible rack.

Make sure the power to your case is disconnected before installing the module.

Ensure that the power supply of your case can supply sufficient power for all your modules, including ΔIONISΙ.

It is strongly advised to use a decent power supply and busboards with shrouded headers.

Plug the 10-pin connector of the power cable into the module.

Plug the 16-pin connector of the power cable into the bus board of your case.

If your bus board does not feature shrouded headers, replace it by a decent bus board, or if you insist, make sure the red stripe on the power cable aligns with the -12V pins on the board.

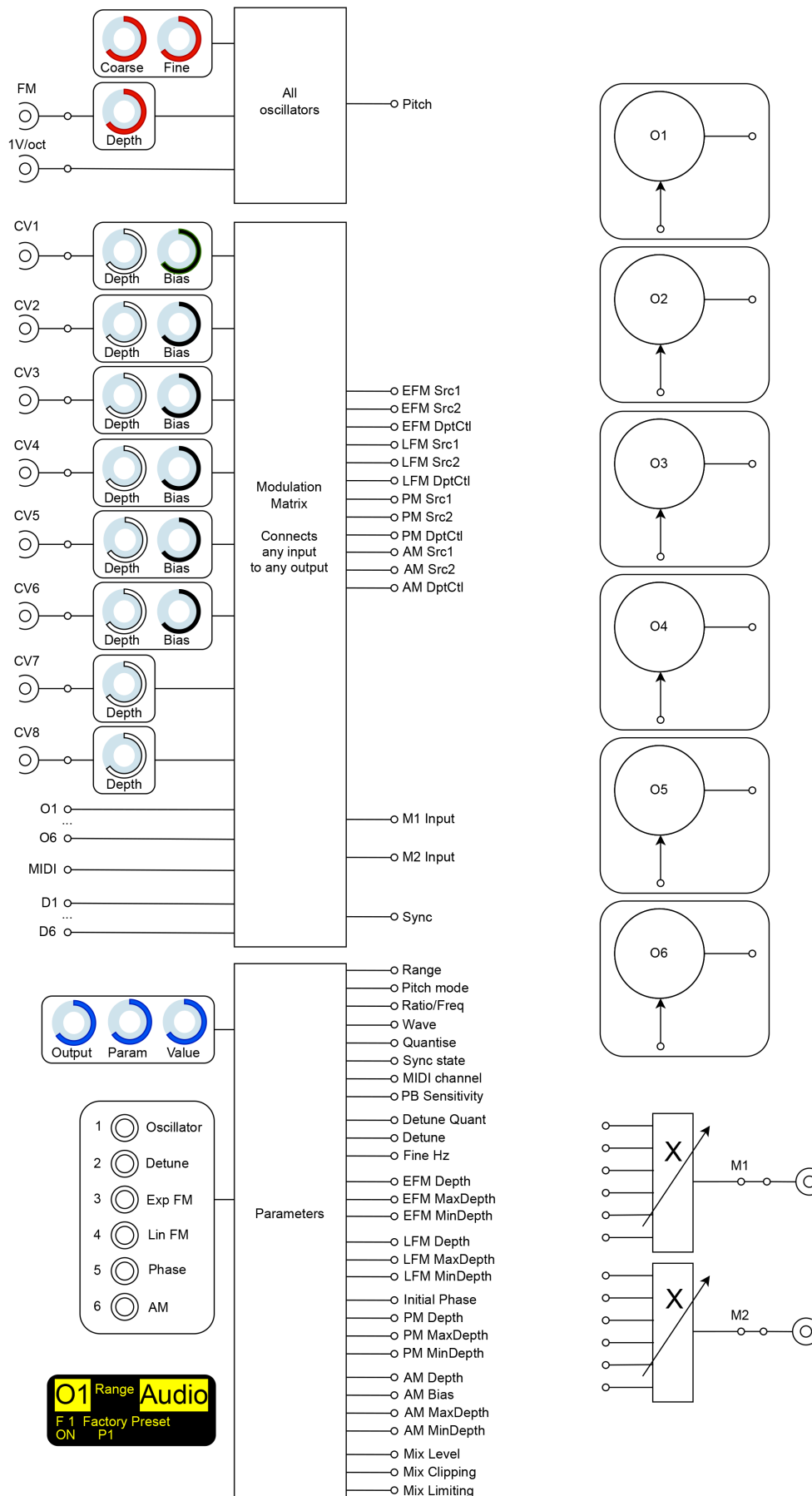
Double-check that both connectors are correctly oriented and fully inserted.

Mount the module in the front of the case with the supplied screws and nylon washers.

Now power up the case, if all is well you will see a welcome message on the display for 3 seconds after which the module displays its output, parameter and value.

If you don't observe this proper behaviour, switch off the power immediately and check your connections and power supply.

# Functional overview



## Pitch

On the top left is the Pitch block which controls all oscillators, it features **Coarse** and **Fine** pots, a **FM** input with attenuator and a calibrated **1V/octave** input.

## Modulation matrix

Below that is the modulation matrix

On the input side are 6 CV inputs with attenuator (**depth**) and bias pots, an additional 2 CV inputs with attenuator (**depth**) pots, the outputs of all oscillators and mixers and the MIDI input. Also on the input side are 6 digital inputs.

On the output side are all modulation and depth control sources to the oscillators. The outputs are shown here for 1 oscillator, in reality there are 6 groups of outputs, 1 for each oscillator.

Also on the output side are the mixer inputs (6 per mixer) and the Sync input (per VCO).

Any input can be routed to any output in any combination.

## Parameters

On the bottom left is the Parameters block.

It is controlled by 3 **encoder dials** and 6 pushbuttons for easy selection of the different parameters, shown on the **OLED display**.

The parameters are shown here for 1 oscillator, in reality there are 6 groups of parameters, 1 for each oscillator.

The parameters are shown here for 1 mixer, in reality there are 2 groups of parameters, 1 for each mixer.

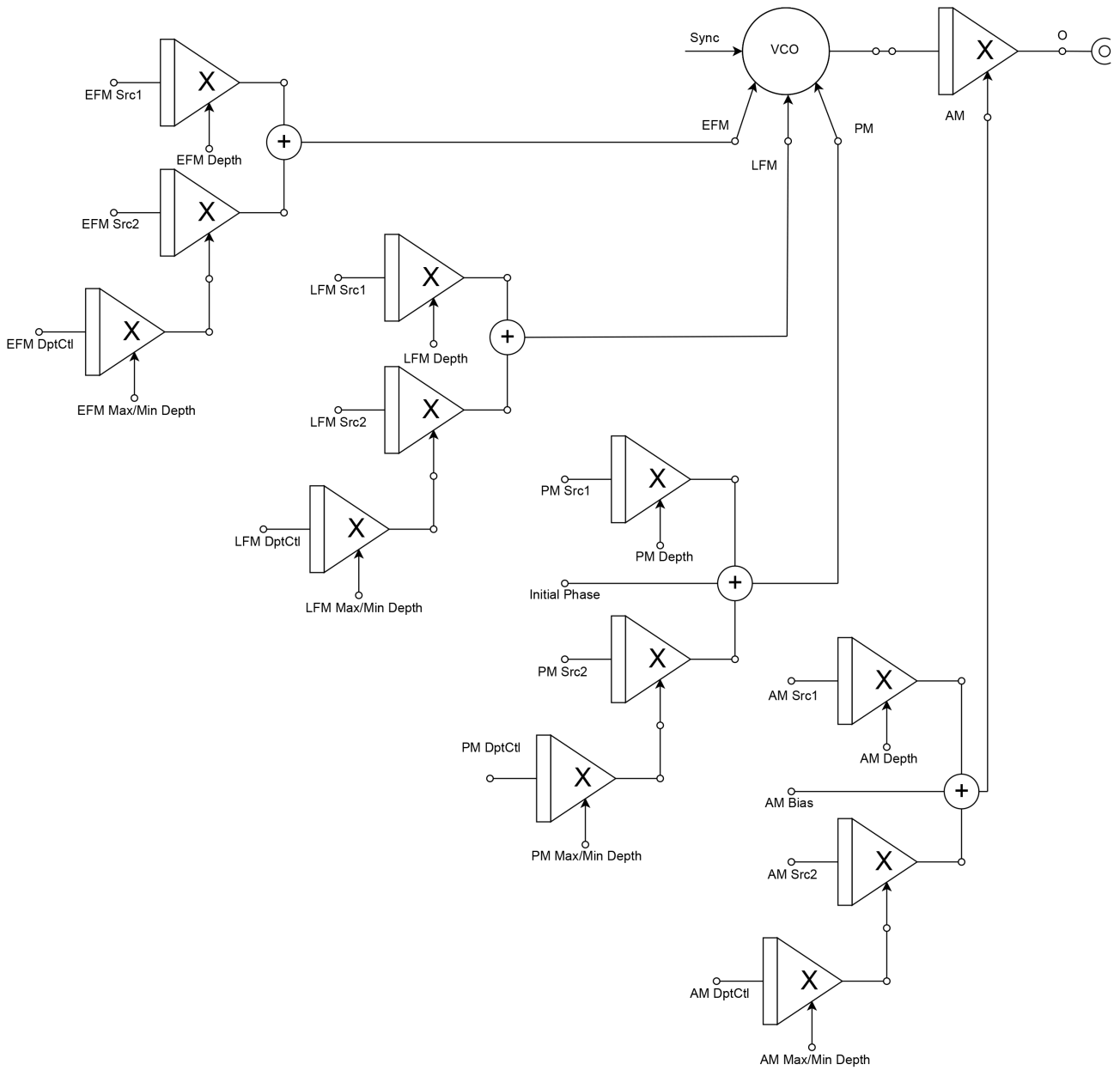
## Oscillators

To the right are the six oscillators which are viewed in depth on the next page.

## Mixers

And below that are the 2 6-input mixers. Any input of the mixer can select any CV input or any oscillator output, together with the mix level.

# One of 6 oscillators overview





Each oscillator has 4 analog control inputs : E(xponential) FM, L(inear) FM, PM and AM, and 1 digital control input : Sync.

Each of the analog control inputs is preceded by 3 4-quadrant multipliers and a summing point, enabling selection of the two modulation sources, selection of the depth control source, and setting of the modulation and control depth (max. and min.), according to the parameters shown on the previous diagram.

Waveform, range, pitch mode, quantisation, sync, MIDI channel, Pitch Bend range and detune are additional parameters per oscillator.

Each oscillator has 1 signal output.

# Controls and connections



## Controls

- **Coarse** frequency pot, range 12 octaves.
- **Fine** frequency pot, range + and - one semitone.
- Exponential **FM** unipolar level control, labeled FM.
- **Output** dial for module selection (O1 to O6, M1, M2).
- **Parameter** dial for parameter selection, parameter range is dependent on the selected module.
- **Value** dial for value selection, value range is dependent on the selected parameter.
- 6 oscillator parameter page selection buttons. A long push on these buttons allows access to additional functions. In Mixer mode these buttons select the input channel. In preset mode these buttons function as bank select buttons and character set selection.
- 32 by 128 pixel graphical OLED display.
- 6 bias controls (black), labeled B1 to B6, add a bias from 0 V to 5 V to CV1 - CV6 inputs.
- 8 modulation **depth** controls (white), labeled CV1 to CV8, unipolar attenuators for inputs CV1 - CV8.

## Outputs

- 6 oscillator outputs, labeled O1 to O6, nominal output voltage from -5 V to +5 V, max. output voltage from -6 V to +6 V, with bipolar LED indication.
- 2 mixer outputs, labeled M1 and M2, max. output voltage from -6 V to +6 V, with bipolar LED indication.

## Inputs

- 8 CV input jacks, labeled CV1 to CV8, range DC to 20 kHz, -5 V to +5 V.
- Exponential **FM** input, labeled FM.
- **1V/oct** calibrated input, labeled 1V/oct.
- 6 digital inputs, accepting any signal from DC to 20 kHz, labeled D1 to D6.
- MIDI TRS (Type A, MIDI standard) input, labeled MIDI in.

## Display

- The top line at the left shows the selected module (O1 to O6, M1, M2).
- The top lines in the middle shows the selected parameter.
- The top line at the right shows the selected value.
- The third line at the left shows the selected preset : bank and number.
- The third line at the right shows the selected preset name.
- The bottom line at the left indicates incoming MIDI messages (ON, OFF, PB, CC, SOX, EOX or ... if the MIDI channel does not match the MIDI source).
- The bottom line at the right indicates a peak value on the input(s) (1P - 8P).

## Output selection

The **Output dial** selects : VCO1 (O1) to VCO6 (O6), Mix1 (M1), Mix2 (M2).

- Pushing the Output dial for more than one second resets the output selection to VCO1.

## Parameter and value selection

The **Parameter dial** selects from a list of parameters, dependent on the selected page, output or module.

- Pushing the Parameter dial for more than one second resets the parameter to the first one applicable for the selected page, output or module.

The **Value dial** selects from a list of values, dependent on the selected parameter.

- Pushing the Value dial for more than one second resets the value to the first one applicable for the selected parameter.
- Pushing the **Value dial** for less than a second moves from +-100, +-10 or +- 1 increments (where applicable), indicated by the cursor in the display. Pushing the **Parameter dial** for less than a second moves from +-1, +-10 or +- 100 increments (where applicable), indicated by the cursor in the display. Selecting another parameter resets the increment to a default, applicable for the parameter..

## Definitions

### Modulation Source list

Off, CV1, CV2, CV3, CV4, CV5, CV6, CV7, CV8, VCO 1, VCO 2, VCO 3, VCO 4, VCO 5, VCO 6, MIX 1, MIX 2, Note, PitchB., Veloc., Ater T., LearnCC, LCC no., MCC no.

### Sync input list

Off, D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D6, VCO 1, VCO 2, VCO 3, VCO 4, VCO 5, VCO 6.

### Master frequency

The frequency as set by **Coarse, Fine, FM and 1V/oct** in Ratio Mode with Ratio = 1.

### ST

SemiTone, 1/12 th of an octave.

### ct

cent, 1/100 th of a semitone or 1/1200 th of an octave.

# VCO1 - VCO6

Page pushbuttons and their parameters.

## 1. Oscillator page

- Range : Sub (3000 s - 1.33 Hz), Low (125 s - 33 Hz), Mid (0.2 Hz - 820 Hz), Audio (5 Hz - 20 kHz). Default is Audio.
- Pitch Mode : Ratio, Fixed. Default is Ratio 1x.
  - In Ratio Mode :
    - Ratio : 0.1000 to 64.000 in 0.005 steps, x relative to the master frequency
  - In Fixed Mode :
    - Frequency : 0.00 (8.18 Hz) -135.00 ST (19912.12 Hz). in 0.01 steps (1 cents). 69.00 is A4 (440 Hz, tuning reference). ST is corresponding to MIDI note number.
- Wave : Off, Sine, Triangle, Sawtooth, Ramp, Square, Pulse, Random S&H, Random Filtered, **On**. Default is Sine.
- Quantise : Off, Equal, Just, Pythagoras aug4, Pythagoras dim5, Mean tone, Harmonic, Werckmeister, Arabic. Default is Off. See setting the base note in the next paragraph.
- Sync input : Sync input list. Default is D1.
- Sync state : Positive edge, Negative edge, Both edges, Reset phase. Default is Positive.
- MIDI channel : Off, 1 - 16. The Oscillator specific MIDI channel. Default is Off.
- PitchBend Range : 0 - 60 ST in 1 steps. Default is 0 ST (no Pitch Bend).

## 2. Detune page

- Detune Quantise : Off, Equal, Just, Pythagoras aug4, Pythagoras dim5, Mean tone, Harmonic, Werckmeister, Arabic. Default is Off.
- Detune amount (exponential detune, just like on an analog VCO). Detunes up to 2 octaves up or down in steps of 1 cent. Default is 0 cents, max. is + or - 2400 cents.
- Fine Hz (constant beatings over the whole frequency range) amount in steps of 0.1 Hz. Default is 0.0 Hz, max. is + or - 100.0 Hz.

## 3. Exp FM page

- Exp FM Off/Source 1 : select from Modulation Source list. Default is Off.
- Exp FM Depth 1 : modulation depth from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.
- Exp FM Off/Source 2 : select from Modulation Source list. Default is Off.
- Exp FM Depth Control 2 Off/Source : FM depth control source, select from Modulation Source list. Default is Off.
- Exp FM Max Depth 2 : max. modulation depth from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.
- Exp FM Min Depth 2 : min. modulation depth from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.

## 4. Lin FM page

- Lin FM Off/Source 1 : select from Modulation Source list. Default is Off.
- Lin FM Depth 1 : modulation depth from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.
- Lin FM Off/Source 2 : select from Modulation Source list. Default is Off.
- Lin FM Depth Control 2 Off/Source : FM depth control source, select from Modulation Source list. Default is Off.
- Lin FM Max Depth 2 : max. modulation depth from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.
- Lin FM Min Depth 2 : min. modulation depth from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.

## 5. Phase page

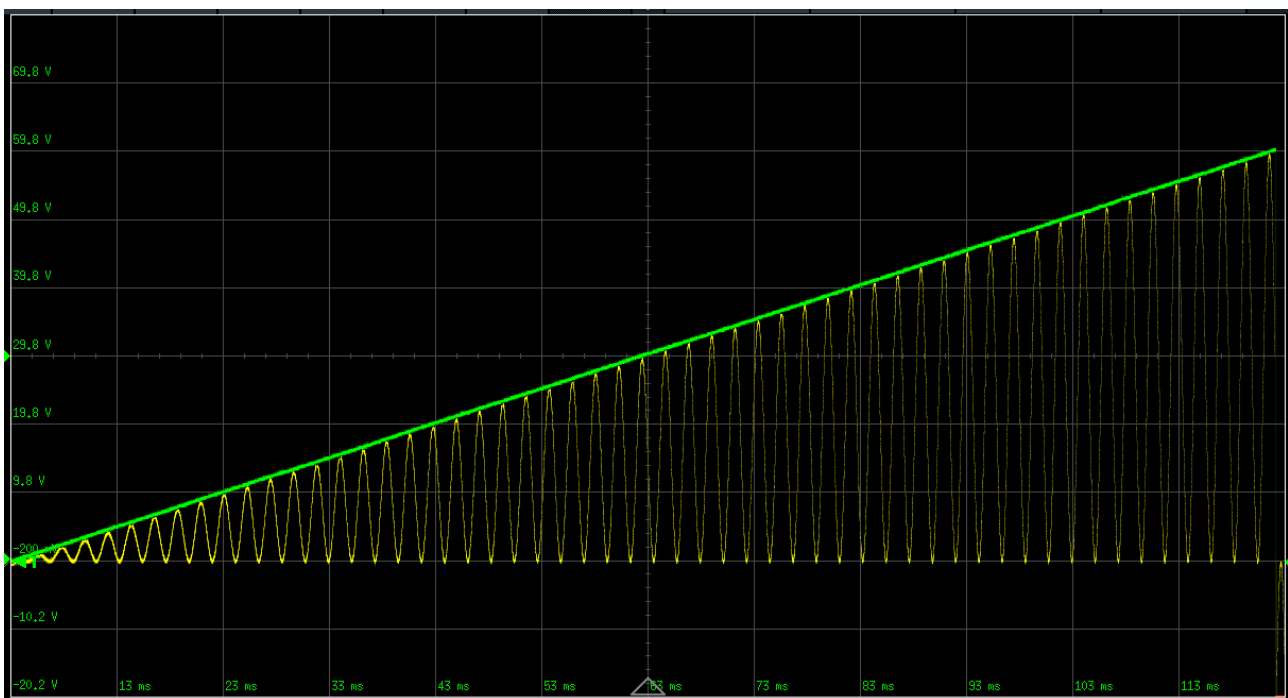
- Initial Phase : -360 to +360 degrees in 1 degree steps. Default is 0. The phase relationship of all oscillators can be restored by a long push on the Phase (5) button.
- PM Off/Source 1 : select from Modulation Source list. Default is Off.
- PM Depth 1 : modulation depth from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.
- PM Off/Source 2 : select from Modulation Source list. Default is Off.
- PM Depth Control 2 Off/Source : PM depth control source, select from Modulation Source list. Default is Off.
- PM Max Depth 2 : max. modulation depth from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.
- PM Min Depth 2 : min. modulation depth from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.

## 6. AM page

- AM Off/Source 1 : select from Modulation Source list. Default is Off, which sets the VCO level to from -5 V to + 5 V.
- AM Depth 1 : modulation depth from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.
- AM Bias : bias from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.
- AM Off/Source 2 : select from Modulation Source list. Default is Off.
- AM Depth Control 2 Off/Source : AM depth control source, select from Modulation Source list. Default is Off.
- AM Max Depth 2 : max. modulation depth from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.
- AM Min Depth 2 : min. modulation depth from -1.000 to + 1.000 in 0.001 steps. Default is +1.000.

The following scope shots illustrate the effect of the Max Depth en Min Depth setting with an AM example.

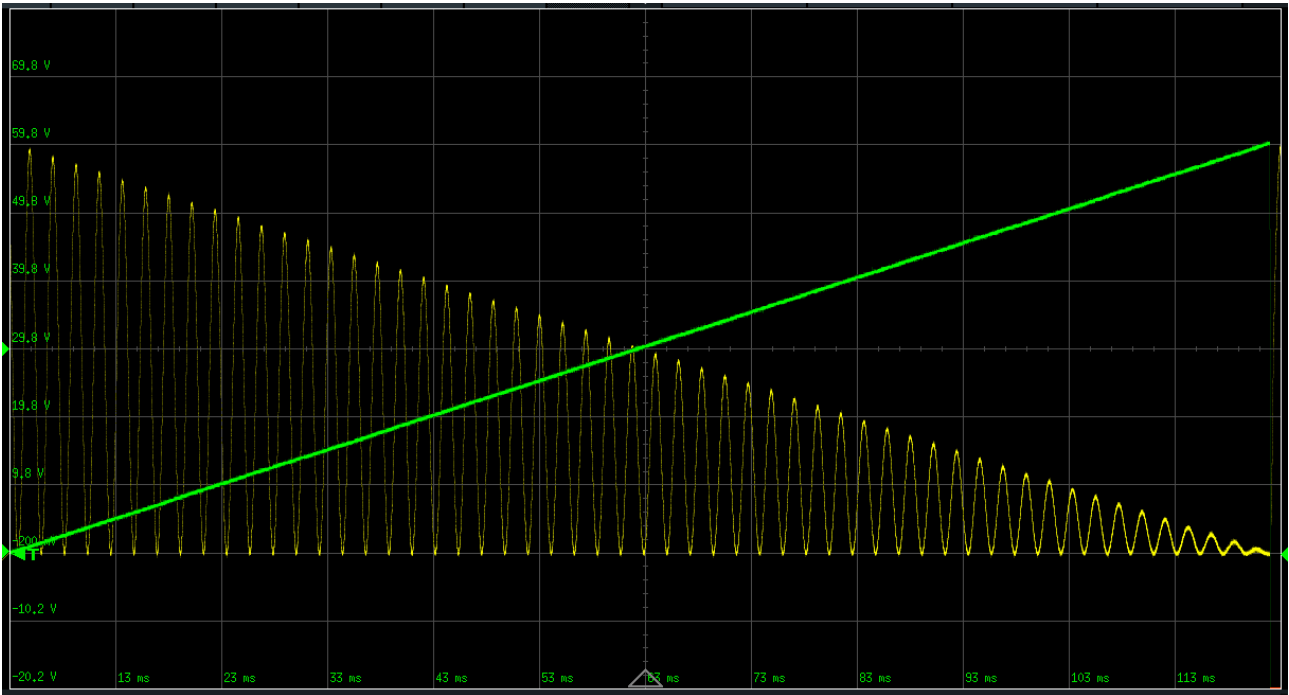
The left side of the diagram corresponds to the bias pot (or whatever depth control source chosen) at minimum, the right side of the diagram corresponds to the bias pot at maximum. The rising line (ramp) corresponds to the position of the bias pot.



AM Max Depth = 1.000, Min Depth = 0.000

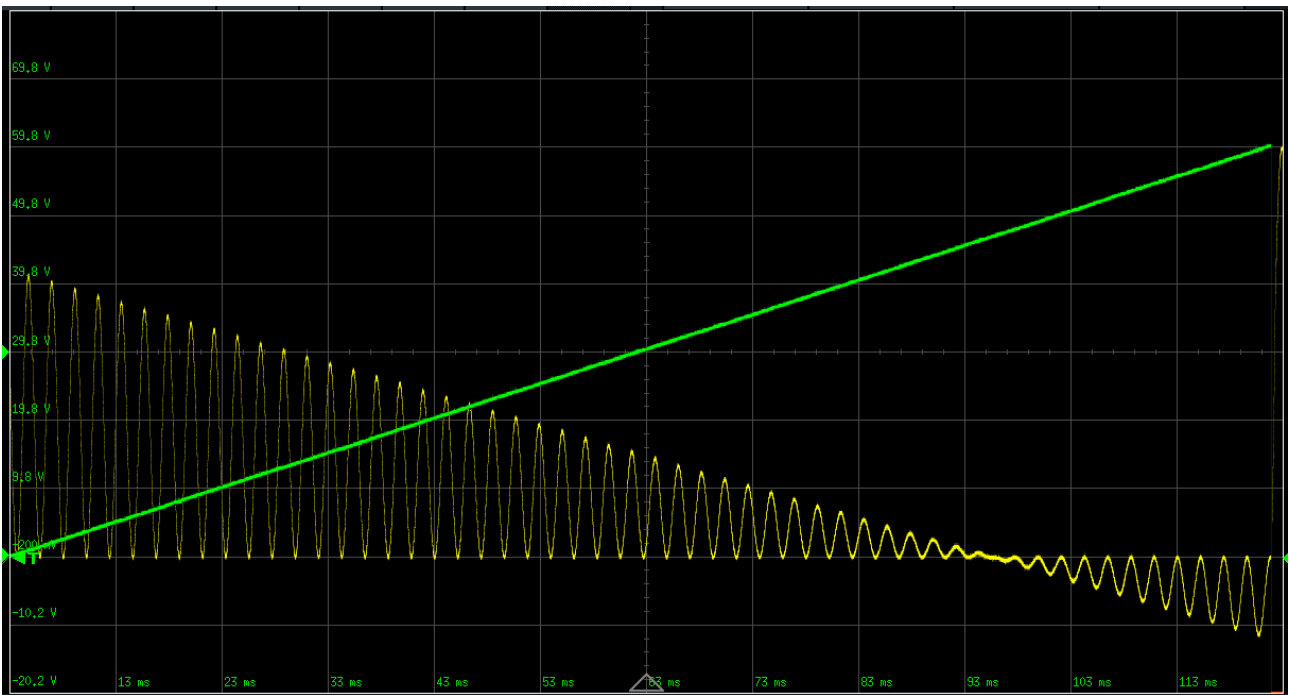
With the bias pot at minimum there is no AM, with the bias pot at maximum, there is max. AM.





AM Max Depth = 0.000, Min Depth = 1.000

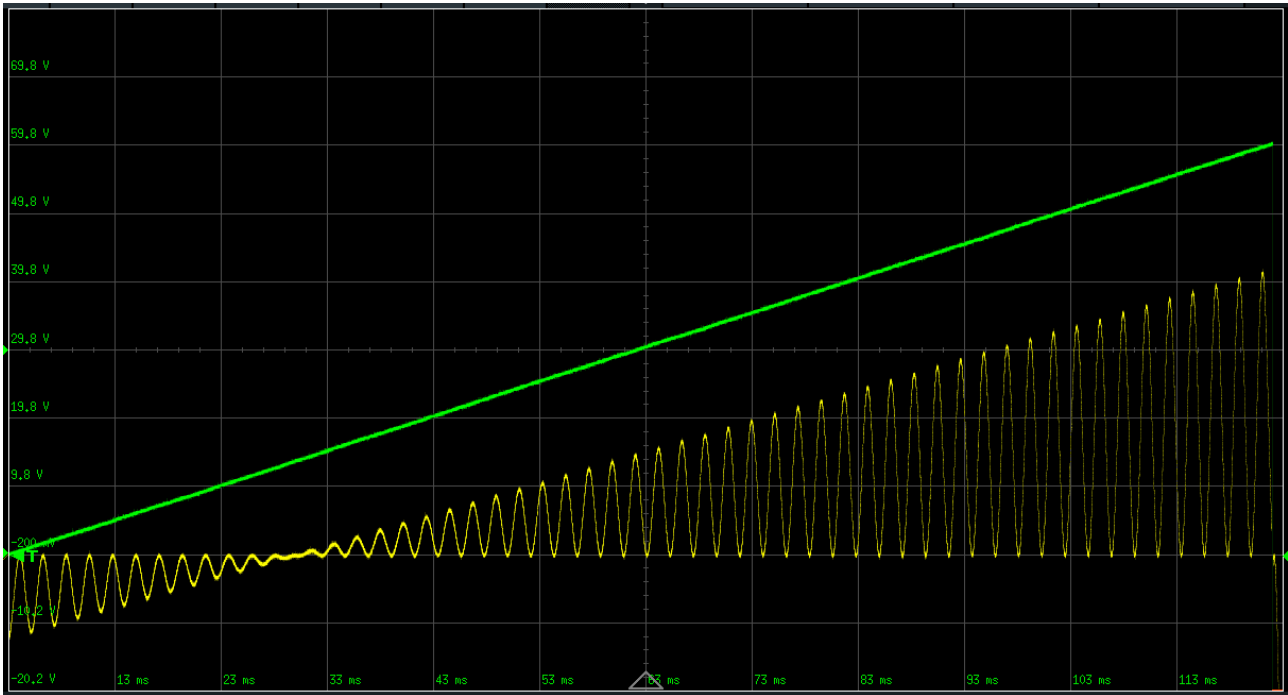
With the bias pot at minimum there is max. AM, with the bias pot at maximum, there is no AM. So this has the effect of reversing the action of the bias pot (or the CV input).



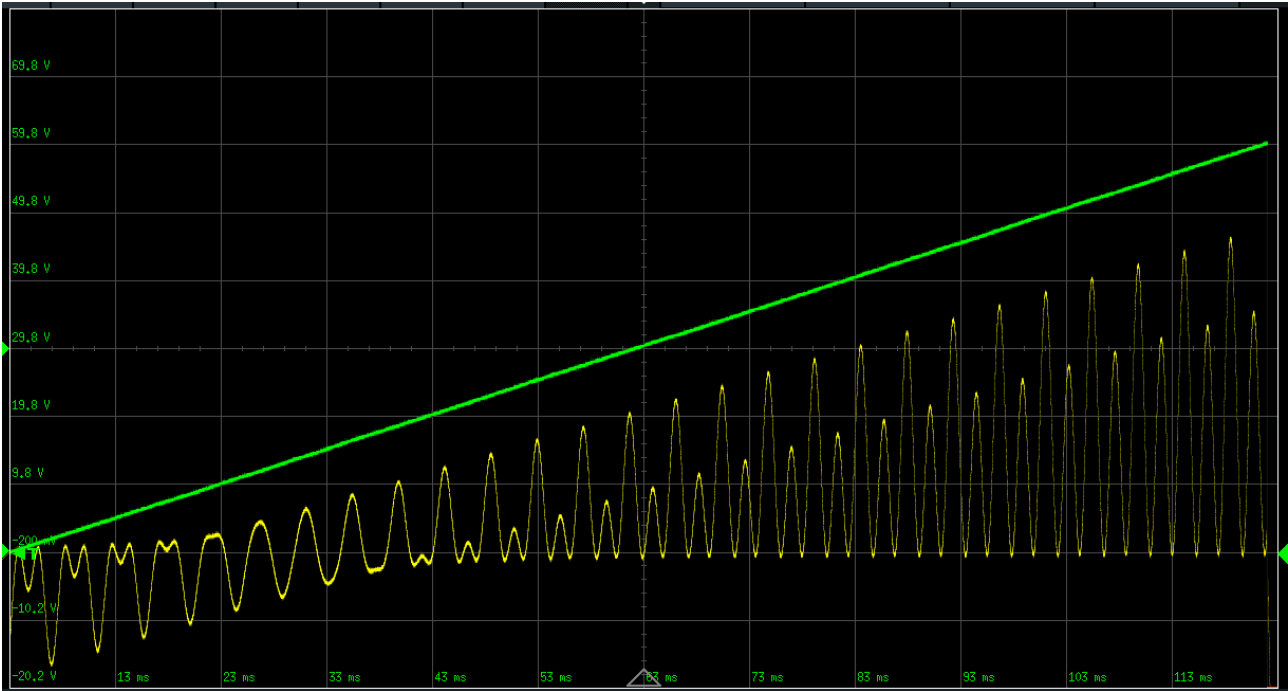
AM Max Depth = -0.200, Min Depth = 0.700

Any combination of Max and Min, positive or negative is possible.





AM Max Depth = 0.700, Min Depth = -0.200



And the same as the previous one with Bias of 0.100 added.

## Long press 1 : Presets

Load and save settings in presets.

By a long press on the “1” button, the presets function is activated.

Pushbutton 1 selects user bank 1 (U1), pushbutton 2 selects user bank 2 (U2), pushbutton 3 selects factory presets (F), factory presets cannot be saved.

The **Value** dial selects a preset number in a bank (1 - 64).

### Load :

- Long press the **Parameter** dial to load.
- If found : load proceeds and the display changes to “Loaded”.
- If not found : display shows “Not found”.

### Save :

- Long press the **Parameter** dial.
- If nothing is saved in the selected preset : proceed to naming the preset.
- If the selected preset is already occupied : display shows “Overwrite” “No”. If you really want to overwrite this preset, turn the **Parameter** dial to “Yes”. Long press the **Parameter** dial.
- Display shows “Name ? “. Name the preset : the **Parameter** dial selects the cursor position, the **Value** dial changes the character above the cursor, the Buttons select part of the complete character set.
- Initially and after each cursor move, the selection is the complete character set, limit this by pushing Button 1 ... 4.
- Button 1 selection ! “ # \$ % & ‘ ( ) \* + , - . /
- Button 2 selection number 0...9 ; ; < = > ? @
- Button 3 selection upper case characters A...Z [ \ ] ^ ‘
- Button 4 selection lower case characters a...z { | } ~
- Long press the **Parameter** dial, save proceeds and the display changes to “Saved”.

To exit Load or Save (with or without loading or saving), turn the **Parameter** dial.

## Long Press 2 : Copy parameters

By a long press on the “2” button in a VCO module, the copy function is activated.  
There are 3 choices.

Copy Param : this copies the current parameter to the same parameter in all VCO's.

Copy Page : select a destination VCO, this copies the current parameter page of the current VCO to the same parameter page of the destination VCO.

Copy Module : select a destination VCO, this copies all parameters of the current VCO to the destination VCO.

To exit the copy function there are 2 choices :

A long press on the “2” button will do the copy action.

A short press on the “2” button will go back to normal operation without copying.

## Long Press 3 : MIDI program change channel

By a long press on the “3” button, the MIDI program change channel function is activated.

MIDI Channel for Program change and bank select can be selected (1 - 16, default is 1) with the **Value** Dial.

To exit this function short press on the “3” button.

## **Long Press 4 : Offset calibration CV inputs**

The CV inputs are factory calibrated for zero offset, so normally there is no need to calibrate again.

**Important** : make sure all bias and CV pots are at their minimum and no external CV is applied.

By a long press on the “4” button, the calibration function is activated.  
A long press on the “4” button will calibrate all the CV inputs.

To exit the calibration function short press on the “4” button.

## **Long Press 5 : Phase reset**

By a long press on the “5” button in a VCO module, the phases of all oscillators are reset.

## **Long Press 6 : Update**

By a long press on the “6” button, the Update function is activated.

A long press on the “6” button will reboot into the updates.  
A short press on the “6” button will go back to normal operation without updating.

## Bias and 4-quadrant modulator

By setting a VCO waveform to On, it can be used as a standalone bias module or a 4-quadrant modulator.

By changing the AM bias parameter, the output can be set to any value between -5 V and + 5 V.

By setting the AM bias parameter to 0, setting the AM source 2 to one of the CV's, setting the AM Depth Control Source to another CV, the output will be the 4-quadrant product of both CV inputs, hence a 4-quadrant modulator for external signals.

So if you have 1 or more spare VCO's in the module, it can be used as either bias or 4-quadrant modulator.

## Quantiser setting the base note

The Base note is C (middle C (C4) is 60 ST).

To get to the base note, set VCO1 to Equal and VCO2 to Pythagoras. Turn the **Coarse** frequency pot until both VCO's are at the exact same frequency (zero beatings).

The base note can be changed by setting a detune value in whole steps.

Fine tuning can be done with the **Fine** frequency pot, which is not quantised.

## Mix1, Mix2

Pushbuttons select Input channel / Level 1 to 6.

- Input : select from Source list, Off disables the input. Default for input channel 1 of both mixers is VCO1. Other input channels default to Off.
- Level : from -100 (inverts signal) to +100. Default for input channel 1 of both mixers is 100. Other input channels default to 0.

The following parameters appear for each input channel for convenience, they are applicable to all input channels.

- Clipping : Hard, Soft. Default is Hard.
- Limiting : Off (Takes the sum of all enabled input signals, will cause clipping if levels are set too high), Max. (Takes the sum of all enabled input signals x 1.5 divided by the number of enabled inputs, may cause clipping if signals are in phase, but gives stronger output), Min. (Takes the sum of all enabled input signals divided by the number of enabled inputs, will never cause clipping, even if all levels are at - or +255, but gives weaker output). Default is Min.

## Notes (Steps)

Set an oscillator to Audio range, and Pitch mode Fixed.

Note number (ST) 60 is middle C (C4).

Note number (ST) 69 is A4, 440 Hz, which can be used as tuning reference.

Note numbers correspond to MIDI note numbers.

Here is an overview of all note values in the 4th octave :

C	60
C#	61
D	62
D#	63
E	64
F	65
F#	66
G	67
G#	68
A	69 (440 Hz)
A#	70
B	71

To obtain note value (ST) in other octaves, add or subtract a multiple of 12 to the above values.

## BPM (mid range)

Set an oscillator to Mid range, and Pitch mode Fixed.

12 ST or an octave doubles the BPM

0 ST	12 BPM	0.2 Hz	5 sec
4 ST	15 BPM	0.25 Hz	4 sec
16 ST	30 BPM	0.5 Hz	2 sec
28 ST	60 BPM	1 Hz	1 sec
40 ST	120 BPM	2 Hz	
52 ST	240 BPM	4 Hz	
66 ST	480 BPM	8 Hz	
135 ST		487 Hz	

# MIDI

## Sysex

Sysex for presets and firmware updates is implemented, see further in this manual.

## Program change

Program change 1 - 64 and bank select (LSB) 0 (U1), 1 (U2), 2 (F) loads the preset if available. MIDI Channel for Program change and bank select can be selected (1 - 16, default is 1) with the [Value Dial](#).

## Notes and pitch bend

Note on events and Pitch Bend are specific for each VCO, according to the specific MIDI channel for the VCO.

If the ratio of a second VCO has to follow the frequency of a first VCO that is set to MIDI, set the second VCO to the same MIDI channel as the first VCO.

Note number 60 (middle C, C4) does not affect the set (as with [Coarse](#) and [Fine](#)) VCO frequency, higher note numbers will increase, lower note numbers will decrease the set frequency.

Setting the quantiser to anything but Off or Equal will use a different scale for the MIDI notes.

Note number, Pitch Bend, Velocity, After Touch and C(ontinuous)C(ontrollers) can be selected as (Depth Control) Sources.

## Continuous controllers

The easiest way to assign a CC is to set the input value to LearnCC. Then move any controller and it will have immediate effect on the selected input. The controller number is saved. Then set the input value to LCC (Learned CC), the number after LCC is the learned CC. Do not leave the input value to LearnCC because any other controller that changes will overwrite the LCC value.

It is also possible to select any other CC from the MCC (Manual CC) list : MCC1 - MCC31 (MSB, CC 33 - 63 are the LSB), MCC 64 - MCC 119.

Please note that CC 33 - 63 cannot be used, because MIDI defines them as the LSB counterparts of CC 1 - 31. There are controllers (e.g. fader banks) that implement CC 33 - 63 as if it were MSB controllers, this is not according to the MIDI specification and if possible they should be set to proper CC numbers.

# Overview of factory presets

See the preset sheets for a detailed description.

## Templates

- 1 : Tri O1>M1 O4>M2
- 2 : VCO1 FM < LFO2
- 3 : Sync O1<O2 O4<O5
- 4 : Quant O1 O4
- 5 : Detune O4
- 6 : FineHz O4
- 7 : ExpFM O1<O2 CV1
- 8 : LinFM O1<O2 CV1
- 9 : PM O1<O2 CV1
- 10 : AM O1<O2 CV1
- 11 : Chord Sine FineH
- 12 : Chord Saw FineHz
- 13 : All Waveforms
- 14 : Quad Phase 90
- 15 : Hex Phase 60
- 16 : MIDI CC ELPM 1 2
- 20 : Init

## Sounds

- 21. St LinFM Sine
- 22. St LinFM Saw Sq
- 23. St Triad detune
- 24. St MajChd Tri
- 25. St PWM-ish Sq
- 26. RM/PM/LFM/RM
- 27. WaveScroller
- 28. AM Dreams
- 29. Arabian mistress
- 30. LFO this organ !
- 31. FBPMs in x6
- 32. 6 Viltorzz
- 33. 6 Viltrizz
- 34. Pour omar ogur
- 35. Dual Midilord 1
- 36. Dual Midilord 2
- 37. 3x LPFjuices 135
- 38. Mistery whistle!

## LFO

- 41. Organ this LFO!



# Usage tips, patching

## Startup

All VCO's are in Audio range, Ratio mode, ratio 1x, Sine wave, MIDI, Pitch Bend, Quantise and Detune Off, Phase at 0 degrees, all modulations Off, output level from -5 V to +5 V, Sync from D1 on positive edge. Parameter page selected is Oscillator, parameter selected is Range.

Mixer 1 has VCO1 on input 1 full strength, hard clipping, limit Off. Parameter selected is Input1.

Mixer 2 has VCO1 on input 1 full strength, hard clipping, limit Off. Parameter selected is Input1.

## Explore VCO parameters and settings

Connect Mix1 and Mix2 outputs to your output module.

Turn the **Coarse** and **Fine** knobs to get a feel of the frequency range.

Change the frequency range of VCO1.

Change the waveform of VCO1.

Select Input2 on Mix1 and set it to VCO2, set Level2 to 100.

Set Limit to Min.

You will now hear an equal mix of VCO1 and VCO2 on Mix1 output.

Select Input2 on Mix1 and set it to Off.

Select Input1 on Mix2 and set it to VCO2.

You will now hear VCO1 on Mix1 output and VCO2 on Mix2 output.

Change the Ratio of VCO2 to 2x, 3x etc. Also try fine Ratio.

Turn the **Coarse** and **Fine** knobs and observe the VCOs keep their ratio.

Change the mode of VCO2 to Fixed, set the step parameter, then turn the **Coarse** and **Fine** knobs, observe VCO1 changing frequency and VCO2 not.

## Explore VCO outputs

Patch the individual outputs to your output module.

Use separate outputs for different waveforms. See preset 14.

Use separate outputs for different phases. See presets 15 and 16.

Use separate outputs for chords. See presets 11 and 12.

## Explore Mixers

The mix of VCOs can be controlled from AM, Set the AM input of the VCOs to CV, and use the Bx pots or MIDI to control the levels, and/or apply CV to the CVx inputs for VC mixing.

A mix of CVs can be controlled in the same way.

## Explore inputs and external modulations

Apply Exponential **FM** to all VCO's (patched from another module, e.g. a VCO, LFO or envelope) and turn the **FM** pot up.

Apply **1V/oct** from a keyboard or a MIDI interface or use the MIDI input.

Apply Linear FM to VCO1 (Select Lin FM input CV1 patched from another module, e.g. a VCO, LFO or envelope) and turn the CV1 pot up.

Set Lin FM Idx of VCO1 to CV2, patch output from another module, set CV1 pot to 10 and turn B2 pot up for modulation depth and/or CV2 pot for Depth Control modulation.

Exponential FM, PM and AM can be controlled in the same way.

## Explore internal modulations

Load preset 8.

Apply Linear FM to VCO1 from VCO2 (Select Lin FM Source 2 VCO2).

Set Lin FM DptCtl of VCO1 to CV2, turn B2 pot up to control the modulation depth. You can also use a MIDI controller as the Lin FM Idx to control the modulation depth.

Change VCO2 Ratio, next set VCO2 to Fixed mode and change VCO2 ST.

Exponential FM, PM and AM can be controlled in the same way. See presets 7, 9 and 10.

# Factory presets update

## Preparation :

- Download the latest presets file fpresets\_x\_y.zip file from the website to your computer.
- Unzip the file, resulting in a fpresets\_x\_y.syx file and a release\_notes.pdf file.
- Read the release notes.
- Connect a MIDI cable from your MIDI interface to the MIDI TRS (Type A, MIDI standard) input.
- On a Mac, use SysEx Librarian app (<https://www.snoize.com/SysExLibrarian/>), load the fpresets\_x\_y.syx file.
- On Windows, use MIDI SysEx Transfer Utility (<https://apps.microsoft.com/detail/9pfd4ddwgktn?hl=en-us&gl=US>).

## Update :

### Version 1.2

- Select Update with the **Output** dial. It will display : “U, Update Pre/Firm”.
- Pressing the **Parameter** dial for more than one second will reboot the module into the updater. It will display : “U, Update Presets, Idle”.

### Version 2.0 and up

- Press the 6 button for more than 1 second. It will display : “U, Update Pre/Firm”.
- Press the 6 button again for more than 1 second : this will reboot the module into the updater. It will display : “U, Update Presets, Idle”.

## Updater

- Select Update Presets with the **Parameter** dial.
- Pressing the **Parameter** dial for more than one second will first erase the old presets (this takes a few seconds) and then display “Sysex?”
- The module is now waiting for a sysex transfer.
- Start the transfer in SysEx Librarian.
- The display will start scrolling while the transfer proceeds, this takes max. 1 minute.
- When the transfer is complete, the display will show “Success”.
- Now turn the **Parameter** dial to “Restart dionisi” and press it for more than one second.
- Dionisi will now restart with the new presets.

## Possible errors :

- SID E! Wrong sysex identifier received (must be \$7D).
- DID E! Wrong device identifier received (must be \$01).
- FID E! Wrong format identifier received (must be \$02).
- CHK E! Checksum does not match.
- ER E! Flash memory not properly erased.
- VER E! Error in verification of flash vs. transferred file.

Please press the **Parameter** dial for more than one second if any of these occur to retry the update.

# Firmware update

## Preparation :

- Download the latest firmware file dionisi\_x\_y.zip file from the website to your computer.
- Unzip the file, resulting in a dionisi\_x\_y.syx file and a relase\_notes.pdf file.
- Read the release notes.
- Connect a MIDI cable from your MIDI interface to the MIDI TRS (Type A, MIDI standard) input.
- On a Mac, use SysEx Librarian app (<https://www.snoize.com/SysExLibrarian/>), load the dionisi\_x\_y.syx file.
- On Windows, use MIDI SysEx Transfer Utility (<https://apps.microsoft.com/detail/9pfd4ddwgktn?hl=en-us&gl=US>).

## Update :

### Version 1.2

- Select Update with the **Output** dial. It will display : “U, Update Pre/Firm”.
- Pressing the **Parameter** dial for more than one second will reboot the module into the updater. It will display : “U, Update Presets, Idle”.

### Version 2.0 and up

- Press the 6 button for more than 1 second. It will display : “U, Update Pre/Firm”.
- Press the 6 button again for more than 1 second : this will reboot the module into the updater. It will display : “U, Update Presets, Idle”.

## Updater

- Select Update Firmware with the **Parameter** dial.
- **Warning !** You have a last chance here to leave the updater without changes : turn the **Parameter** dial to “Restart dionisi” and press it for more than one second. Dionisi will now reboot with the current firmware.
- Pressing the **Parameter** dial for more than one second will first erase the old firmware (this takes a few seconds) and then display “Sysex?”
- The module is now waiting for a sysex transfer.
- Start the transfer in SysEx Librarian.
- The display will start scrolling while the transfer proceeds, this takes about 2 minutes.
- When the transfer is complete, the display will show “Success”.
- Now turn the **Parameter** dial to “Restart dionisi” and press it for more than one second.
- Dionisi will now reboot with the new firmware.

## Possible errors :

- SID E! Wrong sysex identifier received (must be \$7D).
- DID E! Wrong device identifier received (must be \$01).
- FID E! Wrong format identifier received (must be \$01).
- CHK E! Checksum does not match.
- ER E! Flash memory not properly erased.
- VER E! Error in verification of flash vs. transferred file.

Please press the **Parameter** dial for more than one second if any of these occur to retry the update.